

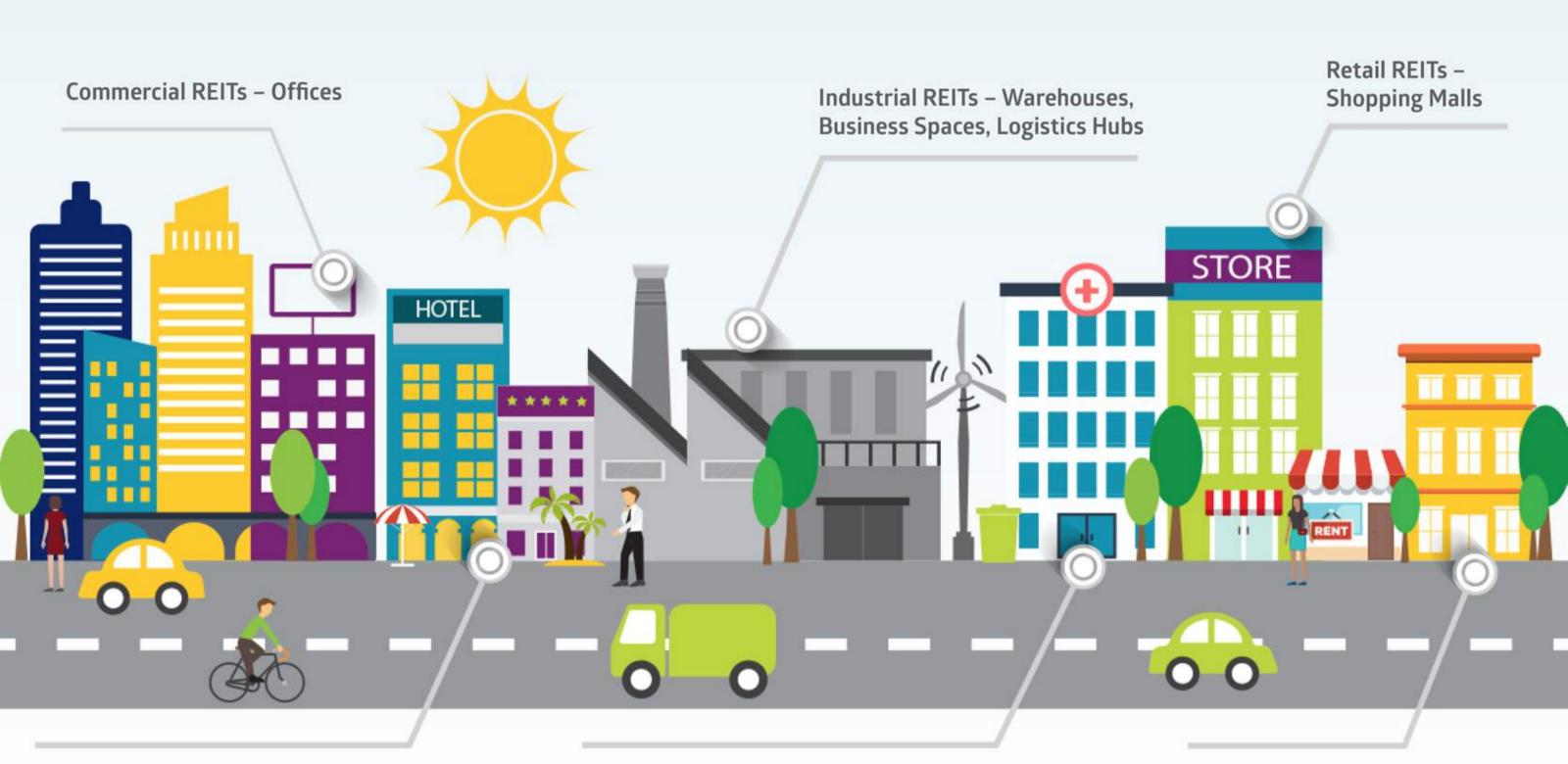
What You Need to Know About Investing in REITs

What are REITs?

REITs or **Real E**state **I**nvestment **T**rusts are **investments** in a **portfolio of income-generating real estate assets.** The revenue comes mainly from the rental income of the properties, which is then distributed to investors periodically in cash.



6 common categories of REITs



Hospitality REITs – Hotels & Resorts

Healthcare REITs - Healthcare Facilities

Residential REITs – Serviced Apartments

Advantages of investing in REITs



REITs are mandated to distribute at least 90% of their net income to investors to enjoy a tax benefit. Plus, in the YTD, REITs on SGX averaged a dividend yield of 7.1%*!

Diversification



REITs typically own multiple property portfolios with diverse tenants – reducing the risk of relying on a single property and tenant, as with owning a property directly.

Liquidity



As REITs are listed on the exchange, you can buy and sell shares easily, and in smaller amounts as compared to buying or selling a physical property.

Did You Know?

S-REITs (Singapore-listed REITs) which comprise both Singapore and Overseas real estate assets also offer investors the greatest international exposure in terms of geographical spread.

The total property assets of the S-REIT sector span as many as 20 countries outside of Singapore!

How to select REITs?

As REITs invest in tangible assets, you can get a sense of its performance via the demand and supply of its assets or simply by visiting the properties.



As an investor, understanding the REIT's financial performance is essential. So be sure to look at its annual report to find answers to important questions like:

- Is it operating in a positive cash flow?
- What is the gearing ratio?
- What is the debt maturity profile like?



Learn more about REITs and other types of investment products now >>

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*Information accurate as per 12 January 2017